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OREGON SPECTATOR.

[illegible] EDITOR, — Oh, Hope in the Future, and Success in Our Present Determination. — AND PROPRIETOR

VOL. [illegible] OREGON CITY, (OREGON TERRITORY,) FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1853. — NO. 32.

[illegible] SPECTATOR:
A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
[illegible]

TERMS:
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE!
[illegible]

ADVERTISING.
[illegible]

POETRY.

The Down Hill of Life

[illegible]

Man't a dozen years ago,
[illegible]
One Robert Hall I chanced to know,
[illegible]
Upon the Parapet [illegible]
[illegible]
He turned his [illegible] path,
In Bacchanalian [illegible]
Of high expected best due,
[illegible] to crown,
Which had he seen him would have thought
He was the highest Hill in town.

His evening and [illegible] he passed,
At Dobson's Inn which stood nigh by,
Under hand [illegible] and glass,
[illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

He [illegible] and well
For some few days he kept the hotel
[illegible]
[illegible] and then—the pond
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

He rowed [illegible] and well
For some few days he kept the hotel
[illegible]
[illegible] and then—the pond
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

Oregon Spectator.

[illegible] CITY

Friday Morning September 23, 1853.

Oregon—the Past and Present.

[illegible]

The Upper Willamette.

Capt Chandler and J G Gibson of this city, accompanied by Mr McMullagen of Lane county left Eugene City about the first of this month by water, for the purpose of exploring the West Fork of the Willamette and the main river down to Marysville with the view of ascertaining how far it is practicable to what extent the river may be made available the last named point

Eugene City is situated about [illegible] miles above the junction of the Mckenzie fork in Lane county and is distant from Marysville [illegible] 15 miles by land and about [illegible] by water The country round about is some of the very best in Oregon [illegible] up there opens out very well [illegible] a very extensive farming country The [illegible] to the river [illegible]

From Eugene City to the mouth of Mckenzie river there are a number of [illegible] and Calapooia [illegible] good river with [illegible]

[illegible] parties of the same nature are [illegible] the Willamette [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Statesman we ex[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Mr Tropp, [illegible] Washington on her downward [illegible] give us a [illegible] men [illegible] We are [illegible] judge of [illegible] permission to ven[illegible] we would say [illegible] It has been pronounced [illegible] that has been [illegible] We think a lighter [illegible] coal we have [illegible] the Washington [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] The immigrants have [illegible] for the last week Quite [illegible] river at this place a few days [illegible] They intend settling [illegible] some 16 or 18 miles [illegible] some very good land [illegible] pine on it [illegible] county will receive quite an accession [illegible] this season

[illegible] the health of the immigrants [illegible] generally good, all accounts concur in representing the loss of stock very heavy From the *Times* we take the subjoined paragraph

> Some [illegible] have taken the [illegible] Walla Walla [illegible] Mr Elliott, taken the South [illegible] Malheur river, (Meek's cut

We had hoped for the poor immigrants [illegible] that Mr Elliott would not succeed in persuading any of them to take that *cut off* It is generally represented as a cut [illegible] water, grass, and wood—three necessary things in crossing the plains This is not all We are credibly informed that here and through the mountain has not been cut out We think any person who will thus wantonly multiply the ills and hardships of the famished and worn out immigrant deserves the censure of every one at all acquainted with the trying circumstances attendant upon that toilsome journey From what we have heard no person acquainted with the road would induce another to take that route, unless influenced to do so from sinister motives We will be charitable [illegible], however, to suppose Mr E. is not fully aware of the trials and troubles he is bringing upon others It is a severe route, independent of the crossing of the Cascade mountains

☞ The work on the Clackamas Bridge has been again suspended in consequence of an injunction having been sued for and granted at the instance of the proprietor, on the other side of the river. We are not in possession of the particulars This will be sad news to the folks beyond the *Rubicon*. The hope was generally cherished that the bridge would be completed this fall. This late move will, we think, give it a quietus for this fall at least. The irons consisting of heavy bolts, &c, are all made, and the timber principally upon the ground.

From Rogue River.

The Indian war is still unsettled. The Indians failed to make good their promises, and the end we may predict, is not yet The fighting boys are glad of it They have tasted blood and they want more They are for hunting them down without further parley. So they are bound to have some more *fun*, as they deem it

A circumstance has occurred there lately that is very reprehensible it is barbarous and unchristian to say the least and cannot fail to become a fruitful [illegible] wish to make a treaty, the whites [illegible] Coast and while the Indians were partaking of a roasted ox they were fired upon and [illegible] of their number killed [illegible] escape These were known as Tayor's Indians

[illegible] Grave Creek [illegible] Having been invited [illegible] a house with [illegible] professions they were [illegible] and brutally shot

[illegible]

[illegible] Mr Tropp [illegible] Washington [illegible] Mr [illegible] Bay, at [illegible] safely, was [illegible] Shakspeare says The captain climbed to the mast head while the poor little Washington was rolling to and fro after a fashion that I have no wish to see repeated He decided that we could venture in, and he remained at the mast head and ordered the firemen to take the helm I saw at once that as it was on the flood tide, we must either run in or give up the attempt There was, however, no choice we had put one foot into it there was no backing out so in we went and through the breakers [illegible] we entered in safety and most sincerely said I thank God [illegible]

[illegible] and discharg[illegible]

Having [illegible] the cargo, we got up steam [illegible] up the bay about six miles [illegible] the city site but [illegible] chosen as the [illegible] exposed, and flats [illegible]

Koose Bay is not very extensive but has many flats and the entrance I consider dangerous for sailing vessels, but ocean steamers I believe can enter with safety, and even sailing vessels when a strong steam tug is at hand But with such a boat I had no particular hurry to risk my [illegible] into Koose Bay In fact had the Washington not had steam at command [illegible] would have been totally [illegible] purposes, as we crossed the bar with a strong N. W wind, and while in the most dangerous part, another [illegible] rollers on each side, her sails totally failed us. Had, therefore, the Washington not had steam even this lustrous name she bears could not have saved her from a total wreck, and all hands must have perished so in that case you would have missed this *valuable communication*

On our arrival at the city we were received by the B hoys, about fifty of them, with three cheers, and of course the Washington responded with three whistles The circumstances were exciting and fully justified all the display made on the occasion The Washington was the first steamer that had ever navigated Koose Bay—she had gone there at considerable risk, and her appearance and whistle astonished the natives! We camped with the B hoys that night, and met with the most kind and cordial reception, and which we shall always be most willing and ready to reciprocate when any of them come our way In mentioning [illegible] reception at the city site of Koose Bay I must not neglect to state that I labor under great obligations to Dr Foster and Mr Harris, and also to Mr. Marpell

On the next day we ran the Washington about five miles up the bay to one of the coal mines, with a good stock of the B'hoys on board, who kindly volunteered their services to ballast the Washington with coal. We anchored in perfectly quiet water and took in coal at about fifty yards distance from the shore. We tested the coal and the engineer pronounced it good There are also, here, cedar and white pine, and I believe excellent timber You have now my ideas of Koose Bay, and as they are taken from personal observation, I believe you can rely upon them.

Now for Smith's river. The Washington ran up Smith's river about forty miles That river empties into the Umpqua about nine miles above its mouth. During this excursion we observed large bottoms of rich land, covered however pretty thickly with maple wood and brush, which could be easily cleared. We believe, however, that most of these bottoms are subject to inundation during the freshets in winter; and therefore fear that stock could not be carefully raised, or maintained when raised along this river. But I fully believe that root plants of every description could be raised in the greatest abundance and perfection. We ran up, as I have already stated forty miles in the Washington, and then anchored or laterred [illegible] along shore [illegible] and I have no doubt but in high tide [illegible] could have run at least twenty miles farther up, as the tide then showed every [illegible] of rising at least four feet more [illegible] There is no want of timber and of the most appropriate [illegible]

[illegible]

I have now [illegible] Smith's river [illegible] I presume [illegible] anxious [illegible] of my [illegible] no due credit for my [illegible] I have to say how [illegible] that it is [illegible] Western [illegible] long something, as you [illegible] the Oregon [illegible] shop [illegible] the purchase the shop [illegible] and I would recommend [illegible] the B hoys coming in to look [illegible] The proprietor of [illegible] M Williamson, [illegible] Brandy bar, [illegible] I would like [illegible] it two feet He [illegible] ahead, and will go ahead In the meantime the Francis Helen has been twice here since we established and found no difficulty in crossing Brandy bar, and also found it very convenient on arriving [illegible]

I feel [illegible] upon the weather I will try [illegible] the Washington once more over the bar here this season, in order to explore the Siuslaw a river to the northward of the mouth of the Umpqua as I understand, about ten miles. I have been anxious to make these explorations previous to the arrival of the Immigration, so as to put them in possession of the real facts I am informed that Smith's river takes its rise near to the Siuslaw, but am still uncertain upon this point Had time permitted when I made the trip up Smith's river I should have ascertained it to a certainty

In giving the description I have already given you of the Umpqua bar and of the danger the Washington encountered in crossing out you must not suppose that it is a dangerous bar, but the Washington is a real go ahead and went out against a strong tide Had she chosen her time and tide it would appear very differently

Your friend G T V

Correspondence.

For the Oregon Spectator

LOWER SOUTHSTRAIT, Sept 6, 53

Editor Oregon Spectator

DEAR SIR—I have no doubt but that anything new and startling in any way to the development of our Territory and its natural resources, must prove acceptable to the Spectator and has long been considered it so when the Spectator was alive and present in that inferior garb the policy has not been changed At all events I go upon the strength of that supposition, and therefore will at further ceremony shall endeavor to give you a sketch though a rough one of the explorations of the steam ship Washington in Koos Bay and Smith's river and you may rely upon it that the statements shall be found correct, however unworthy the [illegible]

On Friday the 19th of August 1853, the *Lady Washington* ran down to Umpqua City, near the mouth of this [illegible] river and in the morning down to Winchester Bay and [illegible] at the bar [illegible] Washington [illegible] out [illegible] however great [illegible] the industrious [illegible] hear I must confess [illegible] next morning she ran down [illegible] though the captain [illegible] then on the beach in [illegible] on the [illegible] day [illegible] Washington [illegible] of course, direct [illegible] that stage of the tide [illegible] however [illegible] The captain [illegible] the coolness [illegible] Oregon [illegible] Bay, at [illegible] about three [illegible] safely, was [illegible] as Shakspeare says The captain climbed to the mast head while the poor little Washington was rolling to and fro after a fashion that I have no wish to see repeated He decided that we could venture in, and he remained at the mast head and ordered the firemen to take the helm I saw at once that as it was on the flood tide, we must either run in or give up the attempt There was, however, no choice we had put one foot into it there was no backing out so in we went and through the breakers [illegible] we entered in safety and most sincerely said I thank God [illegible]

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Your friend G T V

For the Oregon Spectator

MR EDITOR—DEAR SIR—In your paper of last week you publish from the Baptist Banner a letter from a Minister residing at Oak Point [illegible] considering the nature and contents of this letter it requires a passing notice I hardly think all its assertions can be so charitably construed as to lay them upon the printers to the tune of $5 for 10 miles.

First, with reference to the Rev brother's hardships in traveling a circuit forty miles long [illegible] at, or rowing a boat hours [illegible] hands [illegible] his lodging in that hut through which one might have caught a [illegible] hen' —and who knows but [illegible] since he had meat for supper [illegible] one word of his hard fare upon that memorable night nothing need be said But every old Oregon man will smile as he thinks of a new comer talking about such hardships as these He will remember that they were written for the children and [illegible] at home with little thought on the part of the writer that they would find their way into public print

Second with respect to the high compliment he pays the California ministers as liberal minded and high souled and pays their preachers well, would have been [illegible] well enough, had it not been immediately added, not so in Oregon! Now it may be true that the people of California are ahead of those of Oregon in paying their ministers and there may be a good reason for it, without reflecting upon the character of the people of Oregon, and the [illegible] fact, without designing any reflection may have been all that was intended But to one in a hundred of your readers would it be understood other than as a reflection upon the liberality of our people. Some ministers may fare poorly in Oregon They may meet with stingy and penurious men, here as well as elsewhere, whose minds never go beyond the circle of their own wants who seize with such avidity the 'bits,' that they may justly say with the poet—

"Farewell you world I'm going home—"

as they drop into their pockets, but we hesitate not to say that Oregon has as few of such men as other parts of our country

Third, "this steamer"—referring to the "Lot Whitcomb"—"is principally owned by one of the members of our church, (Bro. Abernethy) who sometimes grants me a free passage to my appointments." This would seem to indicate that sometimes he is charged: Now I believe the rule on that boat, and several others, is *never* to charge ministers, which rule so far as I have heard is strictly adhered to by the officers of that boat. But a charitable brother in solution suggests that "sometimes" is used with reference to his general habit of riding in his own boat If so it might have been better worded. And now while upon this subject, justice to steamboat owners and captains upon our rivers requires me as a minister of the Gospel to say, I have never fared better, nor as well, at the hands of the like class of men in any other land. I think the ministers of the Gospel [illegible] Brethren [illegible] MR EDITOR—DEAR SIR—I [illegible] quite industr[illegible] of trade [illegible] amount [illegible] generally known [illegible] miles in space and its [illegible] average of 15,000 to 20,000 [illegible] per day Averaging the [illegible] $20 per M amounts, in the course of a year, to $365,500 arising from this branch of business alone We have a grist mill here that for quality of flour is not surpassed by any other in the Territory I assert it with out the fear of contradiction that there is not another town of equal population in Oregon that makes large returns in favor of the Territory as Milwaukie This money is spent here in Oregon It is too true of parts of our country that they buy almost everything and manufactured thing to equalize exchange This is bringing money into the country and certainly is making money scarce.

Our usually quiet town was thrown to quite an excitement a few days since the sudden disappearance of about $[illegible] in gold dust extracted from the earth of Mr P W Knight, a worthy young man who has been at work at this place in a saw-mill for several weeks Mr [illegible] returned here from the mines a short time since. The money had been [illegible] I am informed, by hard digging and accumulated by littles It is true that [illegible] The guilty person, as yet has not been detected I hope the [illegible] will be found out and the punishment [illegible] serves must come out to him Yours [illegible]

Milwaukie, Sept 20 1853 R

For the Oregon Spectator

MR EDITOR—SIR—I [illegible] many others engaged in the business, feel an interest in the transportation of freight from Portland to [illegible] upon fair and adequate terms [illegible] anything thrown out that is calculated to lessen the exorbitant rates that are charged and have been charged [illegible] I think is deserving [illegible] there ought to be some reform for and there doubtless is but I have no of my own to suggest to alleviate the evil What I wish to do is this An effort was made in my presence to transport the goods and freight of every kind the next two years that may pass between Portland and Oregon City for two dollars per ton This offer was made by an experienced steamboat man He says will carry it on a contract and give the security for the faithful performance of the work Judging from what has been received here I think [illegible] I am convinced I have that it was [illegible] more than [illegible] would be [illegible] transport [illegible] I have [illegible] upon the subject and ask it as an act of consideration I am [illegible] upon reflection that [illegible] these my conclusions upon the [illegible] many of the old states [illegible] The proposition here made is double the charged on 50 miles and the distance but 12 miles. It is decidedly [illegible] at least Very truly yours, [illegible]

Sept 17, 1853

☞ He that is not blind or wilfully [illegible] can readily perceive [illegible] and force of the law regulating [illegible] advertising Persons [illegible] and twist, and misrepresent and make forced constructions of the law it is too plain a matter to need common explanation Here it is

SEC 13 "*And be it further enacted,* [illegible] "*And all the advertisements made under the orders of the Post Master General, in a newspaper or newspapers, of Letters uncalled for* "ANY *Post Office, shall be inserted in the* [illegible] "*or papers,* OF THE TOWN OR PLACE *where* "*office advertising may be situated having* "*largest circulation*"

☞ The Portland papers of the 17th inst, publish the Assessor's Report Washington county.

The number of voters is	[illegible]
The No. of males under 21 years	1021
The No of females (all ages)	1507

For the information of the bachelors the assessor might have added the number of marriageable ladies. We have almost a notion to charge "Dick" with selfishness in that. We wonder at Bro Waterman not filing his protest against the [illegible]

MR HENDEE

Fifty Dollars Reward.

RAN ON CLARK

DON'T READ THIS,

Plows

Valuable Real Estate.

TO MERCHANTS.

DRY GOOS,

DR D D STEPHENSON,

Surveyor General's Notice to Settlers

NOTICE

Stoves' Stoves'' Stoves'''

Different kinds of Canemith Plows

OXEN FOR SALE

BUSINESS CARDS.

GEO. ABERNETHY & CO.,
General Wholesale Merchants,
Oregon City, O. T

ALLAN, M KINLAY & CO.,
Dry Goods Groceries Hardware, &c,

H. G. HIGHFIELD,

W. WHITLOCK,
Dealer in Dry Goods & Groceries.

J. W. TOMS,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

ALLAN LOWE & CO

WM C DEMENT
Groceries & Provisions.

PRESTON O NEILL & CO

THE OREGON HOUSE,

CRIS TAYLOR,
Wholesale and Retail Merchant.

JOSEPH N. PRESCOTT,
Groceries Provisions &c.

To Merchants and others.

DR W B MAGERS,

BYRNES
STORE & CONFECTIONARY

TILL NEXT MAIL,

A Small Lot of Groceries.

Wheat Wanted.

PRESTON, O'NEILL & CO.,
Hardware Groceries Provisions,

ALLAN, M KINLAY & CO.,

ESPECIAL NOTICE!

JUST RECEIVED,

EDEN SOLOMON

TEAMS WANTED

MISCELLANY.

Solomon's Temple.

The following account of a remarkable piece of mechanism is taken from a Persian manuscript called the 'History of Jerusalem.' It purports to be a description of the throne of King Solomon, which, if the details are correctly given, undoubtedly surpasses any specimen of mechanism produced in modern times, notwithstanding the wonderful inventions which have taken place in every branch of science.

The sides of it were of pure gold, the feet of emerald rubies, intermixed with pearls, each of which was as big as an ostrich egg. The throne had seven steps; on each side were delineated orchards full of trees, the branches of which were of precious stones, representing fruit—ripe and unripe, on the tops of trees were to be seen figures of plumaged birds, particularly the peacock, the ctaub and the kurges. All these birds were hollowed within, artificially, so as occasionally to utter a thousand melodious notes, such as the ear of mortals never heard. On the first were delineated vine branches, having bunches of grapes composed of various sorts of precious stones fashioned in a manner as to represent the various colors of purple, violet, green and red, so as to render the appearance of real fruit. On the second step on each side of the throne, were two lions, of terrible aspect, as large as life, and formed of cast gold.

The nature of this remarkable throne was such, that when Solomon placed his foot on the first step, the birds spread forth their wings, and [illegible] a loud sounding noise in the air. On [illegible] the second step two lions exp[illegible] their claws. On his reaching the [illegible] step the whole assembly of demons and fairies and men repeated the praises of God. When he arrived at the fourth step voices were heard addressing him in the following manner: 'Son of David, be thankful for the blessings the Almighty has bestowed upon you.' The same was repeated on reaching the fifth step. On his reaching the sixth step, all the children of Israel joined them, and on his arrival on the seventh step, and the throne, birds and animals became in motion and could not until he placed himself in the royal seat, when the birds, lions and other animals, by secret springs, discharged a shower of most precious perfumes on Solomon, after which two of the kurgesses descended and placed the golden crown upon his head. Before the throne was a column of burnished gold, on the top of which was a golden dove, holding in his beak a volume of bound silver. In this book were written the Psalms of David, and the dove having presented the book to the King, he read aloud a portion of it to the children of Israel. It is further related that on the approach of wicked persons to the throne, the lions were wont to stand erect and roaring and to lash their tails with violence, the birds also ruffled up their feathers, and the assembly of demons and genii uttered horrid cries so that for fear of them no person dared to be guilty of falsehood, but confessed their crimes. Such was the throne of Solomon the Son of David.

A Land for Printers—the Australian Press.—We have before had occasion to notice the neatness with which some of the papers of Australia are printed and the ability with which they are edited. We have now to notice another feature of them.

We have before us the copies of the Melbourne Argus of the 11th and 16th. Each number comes to us in the form of a double the size of the Star. It contains seven colums to the page—twenty-eight columns to the sheet—eighty four columns in each number before us! Of these from sixty-five to seventy are filled with new advertisements!

'*Prodigious*,' as Dominie Sampson would say. And then just look at the prices that printers have in Australia.

The terms of the Argus are as follows:

Subscription—Twenty shillings sterling per quarter—or twenty dollars per annum!

"Advertising—Cash—For thirty words or under, one shilling. For one inch, three shillings, and one shilling for every four additional lines for each insertion."—*Panama Star.*

☞ We quote an extraordinary passage from Lord John Russel's recently published "Memoirs of Fox":

"In 1771 Fox was a desperate gambler. Admired the manners of the day. As the gaming and extravagance of the young men of quality had now arrived at such a pitch never heard of, it is worth while to give some account of it. They had a club at Almack's in Pall Mall, where they played only for *vouleaous* of fifty pounds each, and generally there was ten thousand pounds in specie on the table. Lord Holland had paid over twenty thousand pounds for his two sons.

Nor were the manners of the gamesters, or even their dresses of play, undeserving notice. They began by pulling off their embroidered clothes and put on frieze great coats, or turned their coats inside outwards for luck. They put on pieces leather (such as are worn by footmen when they clean their knives) to save their laced ruffles, and to guard their eyes from the light, and prevent tumbling their hair, wore high-crowned straw hats, with broad brims, and adorned with flowers and ribbons; masks to conceal emotions when they played at "quinze."

Each gamester had a small, neat stand by him, to hold their tea, or a wooden bowl with an edge of 'ormolu' to hold their 'vouleaous.' They borrowed great sums from Jews, at exorbitant premiums. Charles Fox called his outward room where these Jews waited till he rose, his "Jerusalem Chamber."

The Mocking Bird of America.

The American mocking bird is the prince of all song birds, being altogether unrivaled in the extent and variety of his vocal powers; and, besides the fulness and melody of his original notes, he has the faculty of imitating the notes of all other birds, from the humming bird to the eagle. Pennant states that he heard a caged one imitate the mewing of a cat, and the creaking of a sign in high winds. Barrington says, his pipes come nearest to the nightingale of any bird he ever heard. The description, however, given by Wilson, in his own inimitable manner, as far excels Pennant and Barrington, as the bird excels his fellow songsters. Wilson tells us that the ease, elegance and rapidity of his movements, the animation of his eye, and the intelligence he displays in listening to and laying up lessons, mark the peculiarity of his genius. His voice is full, strong and musical, and capable of almost every modulation, from the clear mellow tones of the woodthrush to the savage scream of the bald eagle. In measure and accents he faithfully follows his original, while in strength and sweetness of expression, he greatly improves upon them. In his native woods upon a dewy morning, his song rises above every competitor, for the others appear merely as inferior accompaniments. His own notes are bold and full, and varied seemingly beyond all limits. They consist of short expressions of two, three, or at most five or six syllables, generally uttered with great emphasis and rapidity, and continued with undiminished ardor, for half an hour or for an hour at a time. While singing, he expands his tail, glistening with white, keeping time to his own music, and buoyant gaiety of his action is no less fascinating than his song. He sweeps round with enthusiastic ecstacy, he mounts and descends, as his song swells or dies away, he bounds aloft with the celerity of an arrow, as if to recover or recall his very soul, expired in the last elevated strain. A bystander might suppose that the whole feathered tribe had assembled together on a trial of skill—each striving to produce their utmost effort—so perfect are his imitations. He often deceives the sportsman, and even birds themselves are imposed upon by this admirable mimic. In confinement, he loses a little of the power or energy of his song. He whistles for the dog, Cæsar starts up wags his tail, and runs to meet his master. He cries like a hurt chicken, and the hen hurries about with feathers on end, to protect her injured brood. He repeats the tune taught him though it be of considerable length, with perfect accuracy. He runs over the notes of the canary, and of the red bird, with such superior execution and effect, that the mortified songsters confess his triumph by their immediate silence. His fondness for variety sometimes supposes injures his song. His imitation of the brown thrush is often interrupted by the crowing of cocks and his exquisite warbings after the blue bird are mingled with the screaming of swallows or the cackling of hens. During moonlight, both in the wild and tame state, he sings the whole night long. The hunters, in their nocturnal excursions, know that the moon is rising the instant they hear his delightful solo. After Shakspeare, Barrington attributes, in part, the exquisiteness of the nightingale's song to the silence of the night, but if so, what are we to think of the bird, which, in the open glare of day, overpowers and often silences all competition? The natural notes of the American mocking birds are similar to those of the brown thrush.—*Audubon.*

Warren County Shakers.—One of the largest Shaker societies in the world is located at Union Village Warren county, Ohio. It was founded in 1805, and now numbers near 600 persons. The society owns over 4000 acres of fertile land, which is well cultivated. The society is divided into four families, the largest numbering nearly 200 members, and is called the Centre, it being the residence of the elder and mother. The building of this family is a four story brick 57 feet front and 108 feet deep. Their farm, butter, cheese, cattle &c., are of the [illegible] and they have a garden of about 12 acres in which are cultivated all the medical plants and herbs of this climate.

The celebrated Shaker Sarsaparilla is manufactured here, and is a great source of revenue. Garden seeds are put up in large quantities, and the Dayton Gazette to which we are indebted for the above facts states that they have now on their domain 3000 head of sheep, 500 cattle, 100 horses, countless numbers of poultry, but no hogs or dogs.

The Shaker's society at North Union, in this county, is on a much smaller scale, but everything is kept in good order. A house for public worship is being erected, and the public will soon have an opportunity to again witness the religious dance of this singular sect.

John Randolph, as he appeared to the Poet Moore.—The following mention of Randolph is found in the memoirs of Thomas Moore, lately published.

May 30, 1822.— * * Laid in some meat and went to the House of Commons, avenues blocked up with unsuccessful candidates for admission. After several repulses, and at last giving up in despair, was taken by Jerningham as one of the Catholics on his list. Mr. Blunt sat next Lord Limerick and Randolph—the famous American orator—a singular looking man, with a young old face, and a short small body, mounted upon a pair of high crane legs and thighs, so that when he stood up you did not know where he was to end, and a squeaking voice, just like the boy's beginning to break into manhood. His manner, too, strange and pedantic, but his powers of eloquence, (Irving tells me) are wonderful."

The Pert Young Man.

There is a period in the life of a young man which may appropriately be called the age of puppyism. It is at that period when he is little more than a boy, and a good deal less than a man—when the hand stroked across the chin, detects a sort of downy inequality, and visions of barbers and razors rise up constantly before him, when the tailor suddenly becomes a person of vast importance, and he begins to talk of "the men of our college and the ladies of our acquaintance." Very tight pantaloons, displaying immense moral and physical courage in venturing into the winds with such slender supports as they contain—a cravat of great proportions—a knowing half jock half gentleman hat—fancy vest, gold chain and quizzing glass make up the external qualifications of the pert young man.

He sets his legs apart in addressing men old enough to be his grandfather, twirls his cigar and calls him 'my dear fellow,' or 'me boy.' His paternal parent he always calls 'the governor,' and never thinks of him or refers to him except when he wants the 'governor to come down handsome'—who he maintains has no right to 'expect a man' to be unable to pay his billiard expenses. His conversational powers are very limited, never having fathomed anything deeper than the bottom of a brandy smash, or extending his inquiries beyond the bill of fare of his favorite restaurant. In his manner to the ladies he is rather patronizing, and in the first instance he acts upon the conviction of the inferiority of the sex, and in the next, with consideration with regard to the killing effect of his beauty and manly accomplishments. He cannot possibly marry them all, and to show partiality would be unfair. His head is the only place where nature acknowledges a perfect vacuum.—*New Orleans Delta.*

The Way to a Father's Heart.—The following paragraph from an article in the Home Journal, is attributed to "the pen of some gentle-hearted lady unknown:"

"One cold winter morning I looked into a milliner's shop, and there I saw a hale, hearty, well browned young fellow from the country, with his long cart-whip, and lion shag coat, holding up some little matter and turning it over in his great fist. And what do you suppose it was? A baby's bonnet! A little, soft, blue satin hood, with a swan's down border, white as the frill of rich blonde around the edge. By his side stood a very pretty woman, holding, with no small pride, the baby, for evidently it was *the* baby. And one could read the fact in every glance, as they looked at each other and at the little hood, and then at the large, blue, unconscious eye, and fat, dimpled cheeks of the little one. It was evident that neither of them had ever seen a baby like that before! 'But really, Mary,' said the young man, 'is not three dollars very high?' Mary very prudently said nothing, but quietly taking up the hood she tried it on the little head, and held up the baby. The man grinned, and without another word, down went the three dollars on the last week's butter came to) and as they walked out of the shop it is hard to say which looked the most delighted with the bargain. 'Ah, thought I, a man's mind shall read them.'"

How to Make Money Fast.—Enter into business with a capital you have a perfect knowledge of. Invest your money by the advice of others, unless you have a cash capital, and do not mix a cash business with a credit business. Commence business with a credit business. Buy all your materials for cash, you can take every advantage of the market and purchase where you please. Be careful not to overstock yourself. Rise and fall with the market on short stocks. Always stick to those whom you prove to be just in their transactions and shun all others even at a temporary disadvantage. Never take the advantage of a customer's ignorance, nor equivocate nor misrepresent. Have but one price and [illegible] and you will find [illegible] tomers, or they will find [illegible].

If ever deceived in business transactions, never attempt to [illegible] putting the deception upon others, but submit to the loss and be more careful in future.

According to the [illegible] of our business, set [illegible] for printing [illegible] do not hesitate. [illegible] parcel or package [illegible] out a handsome printed label, wrapper, card or circular and display [illegible] tinually. Choose a newspaper [illegible] purpose, and keep yourself [illegible] before the public, and it matters not what business of utility you make choice of, for if intelligently and industriously pursued, a fortune will be the result.

☞ A laughable story of some extra pigeons is told, in an Antwerp paper. The editor of a celebrated journal [illegible] ed in that city, sent a reporter to Brussels for the King's speech, and with him a couple of carrier pigeons, to take back the document. At Brussels he gave the pigeons in charge to a waiter, and called for breakfast. He was kept waiting for some time, but a very delicate fricassee atoned for the delay. After breakfast he paid his bill, and called for his carrier pigeons. "Pigeons" exclaimed the waiter, 'why you have eaten them.'

☞ The grandest new church, built in London, is erected by the Latter Day Saints, Lord Sidmouth, and Mr Drummond, M. P., &c. They so completely expect the world to end in 1861, that they only take a lease of the ground till then, after which the fortunate land owner will take possession! It is built, however, as if they expected it to last for two centuries, and is very magnificent.

CLACKAMAS COUNTY FEMALE SEMINARY.

BOARD OF TEACHERS

Mr E D Shattuck, Principal
Mrs. E D Shattuck, Preceptress, and Teacher of French and Drawing
Miss R H Wand, Teacher in the Primary Department

Terms of Tuition per Quarter of Eleven Weeks

Primary Department, embracing Reading and Spelling $6 00
Preparatory Department, embracing Arithmetic through the [illegible] rules, Geography, by Comstock, Grammar, History of the United States, and Penmanship 8 00
Regular Course 10 00
Incidental charge for fuel, &c. 50
Music, extra 15 00
Use of Instrument 5 00
Ancient Languages, French, Spanish, Drawing and Embroidery, each extra [illegible]

QUARTER COMMENCES

Fall Term—First Wednesday in September
Winter—First Wednesday in November
Spring—First Wednesday in February
Summer—First Wednesday in May

Board can be obtained in the Seminary and in families in the vicinity, [illegible] reasonable terms.
By order of the Board
G H ATKINSON, President
Oregon City, Sept 9, 1853-[illegible]

IRON AND STEEL

We are now receiving, direct from New York per Coloma and Ocean Bride, an invoice of Iron and Steel, as follows:

593 lbs cast steel 1¼ and ¾ inches
1673 lbs spring steel 4 by ¾ inch
11 000 lbs plough steel 12 by ¾ inch
2252 lbs do do 10 by ¾ inch
4192 lbs do do 4 by ¾ inch
5948 lbs American iron 2 by ⅜ inch
2500 lbs nail rods
3 000 lbs horse shoe iron 1 by ⅜ and ½
2500 lbs. Lang iron ¾ to 1 in a round
1 000 lbs Swedes iron ⅜ to 2 inches square
14 600 lbs Swedes iron 1½ to 3 inches by ½ and ⅜ inch
10,156 lbs English iron 2 by ½ inch
1711 lbs. Swedes iron 1¼ by ½ inch
9 coils wire—8, 11, and 17
6 boxes best charcoal tin plate
14 kegs nails shoes
10 kegs horse shoes
10 bags horse shoe nails

GEO ABERNETHY & CO
Oregon City, August 19, 1853-27tf

A New Resolve.

From this date, Harry Conklin wishes to give notice to the public that he has drunken his last drop of liquor in this city. What he now says he means, and what he means he wishes understood by the public generally. For the future he intends to be right side up with cash and no mistake. He makes this solemn declaration to the public as a *fixed fact*. He thinks, yes, he knows it, there is still enough of the man left to make the declaration as firm as the rock of Gibraltar. He now turns a new leaf in life, and henceforth will turn his back upon the *enemy*—ardent spirits. He makes this a matter of record that "he who runs may read." And when there is any *Blacking* to be done he is in for a full share, and in the best manner, on reasonable terms, the minute. Being a stranger in the place and having but few acquaintances, he hopes that the public may not fully and [illegible] over and [illegible] him takes this name, and who sees it, that he has [illegible] foolishly, which had been earned [illegible] kind of knocks, and from this [illegible] to be a decent man and will consider [illegible] any person to give, sell or even offer [illegible] drink. I am a mysh, in *big letters*.

HARRY CONKLIN
Oregon City, Sept 16, 1853-3t

NOTICE.

Hereby forbid all persons cutting fallen or standing trees upon the Land Claim situated on the Willamette river, formerly the property of Moses Moore and family. And I hereby give notice that persons found trespassing on said premises will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

HUGH BURNS
Mount Pleasant, Oregon City, Sept 12, 1853-3m

GUNSMITHING.

The undersigned would inform the citizens of Oregon City and the surrounding country that he is prepared to make Rifles and Repair Guns and Pistols in the neatest manner and on the shortest notice. Rifles made to order, and warranted to shoot. Also, Gun Locks and Springs made and repaired. Also, Clocks and Watches repaired and warranted. Also, Clocks and Watches for sale. Also, Gunsmithing done at Milwaukie. Also, Jewelry repaired and warranted. Also, Cutlery repaired and warranted. Also, Scissors repaired and warranted. Also, Razors repaired and warranted. Also, Pistols repaired and warranted. Also, Guns repaired and warranted. Also, Rifles repaired and warranted. Also, Clocks repaired and warranted. Also, Watches repaired and warranted

OREGON SPECTATOR.

[illegible] Liberty and Success our Exclamation — And Hollister for

[illegible] City (Oregon Territory,) Friday, September 30, 1853 — No. 33

The Crystal Palace

The Uncle Tomitudes

Sub-Marine Blasting.

Burns, Highway Robbery.

[illegible]

Oregon Spectator.

[illegible]

[illegible]riday Morning September 30, 1853

Internal Improvements

The Pacific Railroad.

[illegible]

Correspondence

CITY ORDINANCE No 12

PRESTON, O'NEIL & CO.

Groceries, Provisions, &c.

WM. C. DEMENT,

LEONARD GREEN

Blacksmithing Blacksmithing

PROTECTION.

Stolen or Strayed.

Great Inducements to Printers.

NEW TYPE FOUNDRY

MR HENDEE

RANSOM CLARK

DON'T READ THIS,

Lock Out Lock Out

Shop for Sale

Valuable Real Estate.

TILL NEXT MAIL

A Small Lot of Groceries

Fifty Dollars Reward,

Wheat Wanted.

TO MERCHANTS.

WE invite attention to the very large addition just made to our stock of recent arrivals from New York, and which we offer at prices that are an inducement to merchants to call. Our stock is now large and well assorted

DRY GOOS,

Stoves' Stoves'' Stoves'''

Different kinds of Canemah Plows

To Merchants and others.

DR. D D STEPHENSON

DR W B MAGERS.

GYRNE'S

STORE & CONFECTIONARY

OXEN FOR SALE

ESPECIAL NOTICE!

THE subscriber has just returned from San Francisco on the steamer Columbia, and has brought with him

A LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

GROCERIES, &C.,

which he offers for sale at the lowest prices, for cash, or in exchange for

1000 [illegible]
1000 lb brown sugar
100 lbs crushed and powdered sugar,
10 bbls [illegible] molasses and syrup,
best quality
American beans,
candles,
oil
[illegible] Fancy Groceries

flannel shirts,
[illegible] and shirts,
drawers
[illegible] coats
to mention
Fresh Oregon
quantity
PRESCOTT,
to Gibson's

ALLAN, M KINLAY & CO.,

all con-
[illegible]
[illegible] iron,
steel,
do
German do
cast do.
the bellows
tools.
almost every
too numerous
the arrival of the
San Francisco which
the undermen-
tioned articles, viz
[illegible] assortment
[illegible] and worst-
[illegible] sizes
Crape — black
[illegible] handkerchiefs
[illegible] pressers
[illegible]
Cinderella's
Misses pumps
[illegible]
large quantity,
adapted for
Indian trade,
[illegible] men's and boy's
[illegible] 1853-27tf

PRESTON, O'NEILL & CO.,

Main st., Oregon City,
[illegible] receiving direct
[illegible] ship "Empress
Hardware Groceries Provisions,
[illegible] &c
[illegible] the following
[illegible] be sold low at
[illegible] refined iron,
[illegible] of bellows, an-
[illegible] and sledge ham-
[illegible] planes, broadaxes,
[illegible] try and steel
[illegible] augers, butts and
[illegible] Rowland's" mill and
[illegible] cut saw files taper
[illegible] 200 boxes glass,
[illegible] sperm and adaman-
New Orleans and crush-
[illegible] and kegs, un-
[illegible] tobacco, coarse and
[illegible] &c
[illegible] an invoice of
[illegible] gentlemen's saddles, bridles
[illegible] and saddle-bags, extra
[illegible] for harness
[illegible] of Lawns, Muslin-
[illegible] and half mourning,) Palm
[illegible] 1853-27tf

JUST RECEIVED,

DIRECT FROM NEW YORK,
[illegible] brightest firmest chis-
[illegible]
[illegible] squares,
[illegible] mers,
[illegible] saws,
[illegible] and mill saws,
[illegible] spades,
[illegible] machines,
[illegible] scythes,
[illegible] cutters
[illegible] Kentucky Rifle
[illegible] THY & CO

[illegible] IAL NOTICE.

LDMEN SOLOMON

[illegible] of this
[illegible] that he is
[illegible] Shaving,
at his shop, 2d
[illegible] M Kinlay's store
[illegible] 1853-29tf

TEAMS WANTED.

[illegible] employ some per-
[illegible] to haul lumber at the
[illegible] constant employment given and
[illegible] paid by
[illegible] JAMES M. MOORE

JUST LEARNY,

A Commodious Young Lady.

JOSEPH N. PRESCOTT,

PEIS TAYLOR.

EL GARDEN HOUSE,

DIRECT FROM NEW YORK

IRON AND STEEL

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S

ALLAN, [illegible] & CO.,

Hardware &c

Lot Wanted

Notice.

BOARD FOR SALE.

AT THE DALLES

Brick for Sale

Lot of Letter

STEAMER LOT WHITCOMB

SETTLED

A New Revolve

ACADEMY.

HAY FOR SALE.

People and Gee-ding Plows.

American Tract Society.